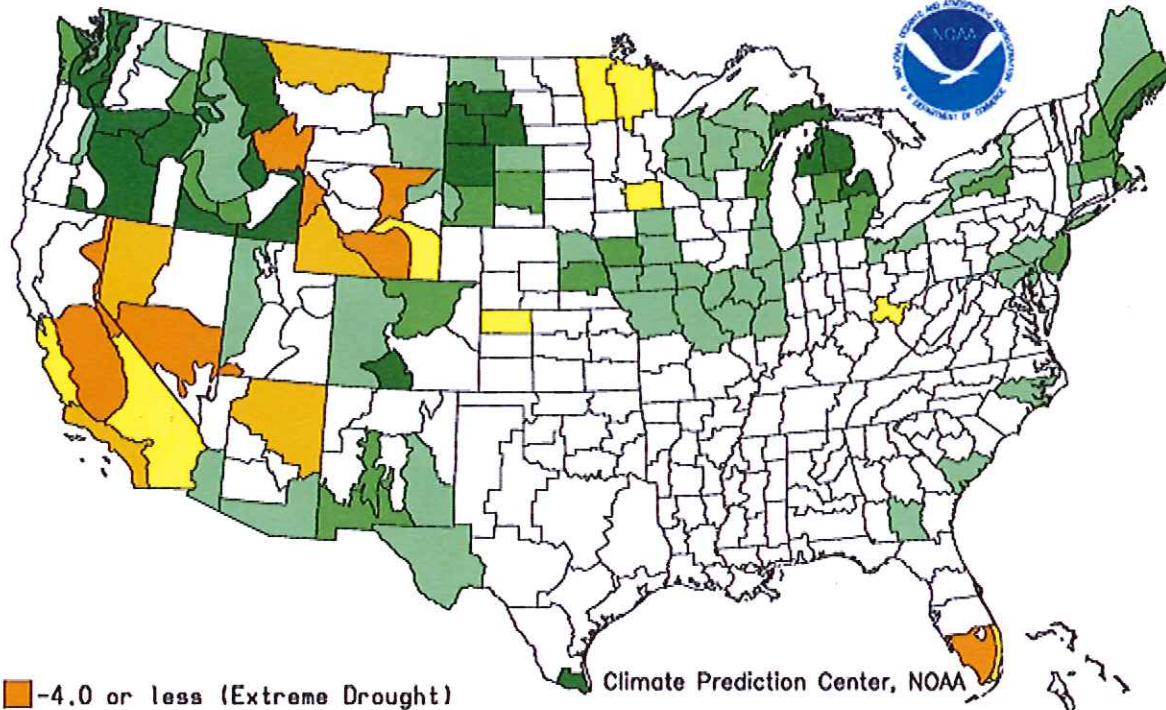


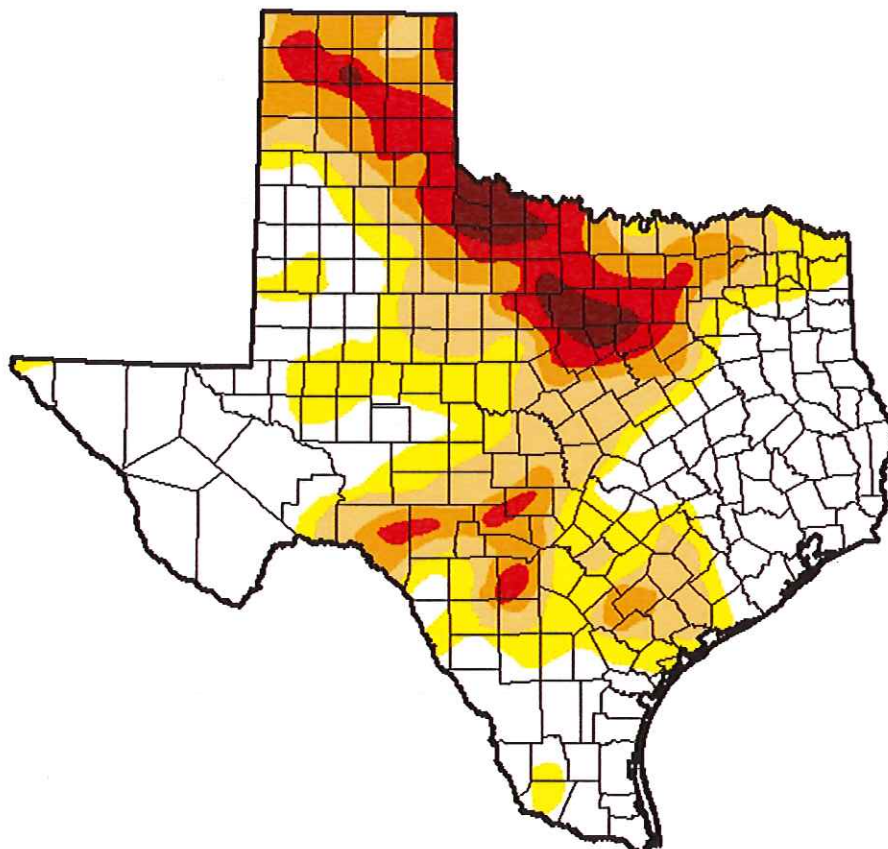
Drought Severity Index by Division
Weekly Value for Period Ending JAN 31, 2015
Long Term Palmer



- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ■ -4.0 or less (Extreme Drought) | ■ +2.0 to +2.9 (Unusual Moist Spell) |
| ■ -3.0 to -3.9 (Severe Drought) | ■ +3.0 to +3.9 (Very Moist Spell) |
| ■ -2.0 to -2.9 (Moderate Drought) | ■ +4.0 and above (Extremely Moist) |
| ■ -1.9 to +1.9 (Near Normal) | |

U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

February 3, 2015
(Released Thursday, Feb. 5, 2015)
Valid 7 a.m. EST



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	43.52	56.48	38.57	22.76	11.24	2.82
Last Week <i>1/27/2015</i>	41.42	58.58	39.22	23.93	11.24	3.05
3 Months Ago <i>11/4/2014</i>	26.33	73.67	48.48	28.39	10.81	3.62
Start of Calendar Year <i>12/31/2014</i>	34.37	65.63	44.68	25.73	11.70	3.17
Start of Water Year <i>9/30/2014</i>	28.92	71.08	48.95	29.54	11.26	2.69
One Year Ago <i>2/4/2014</i>	14.95	85.05	51.68	22.34	7.95	0.71

Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

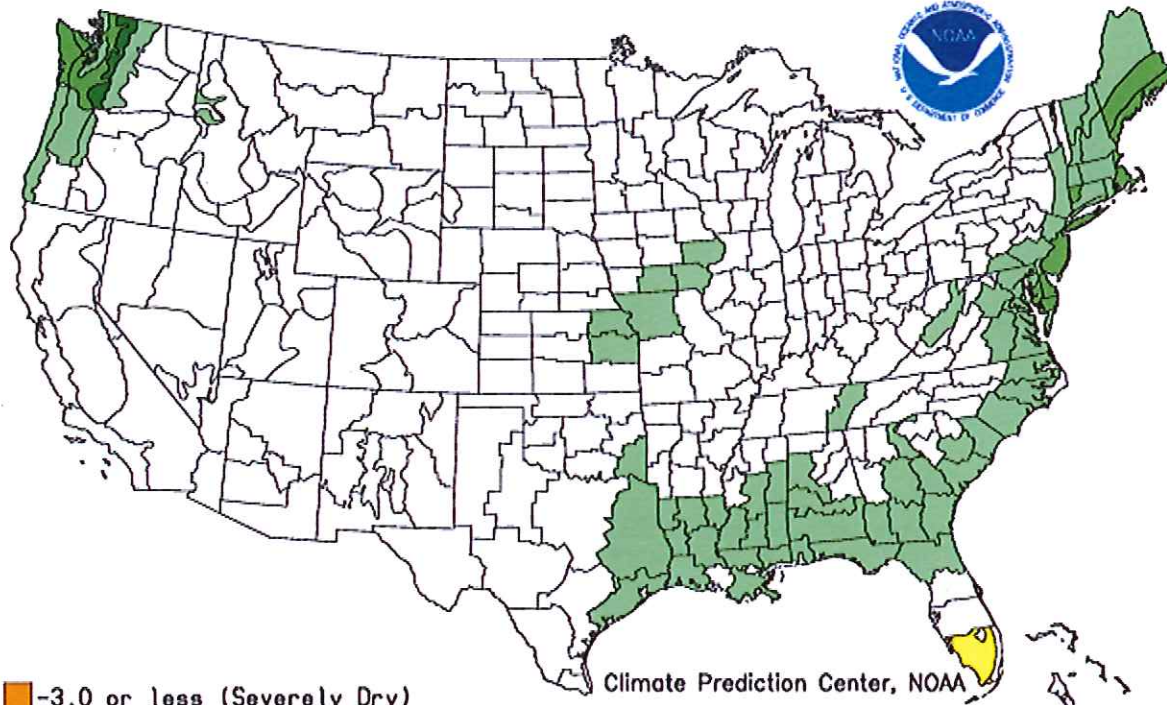
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:
Brian Fuchs
National Drought Mitigation Center



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

Crop Moisture Index by Division
Weekly Value for Period Ending JAN 31, 2015
Short Term Need vs. Available Water in a Shallow Soil Profile



Climate Prediction Center, NOAA

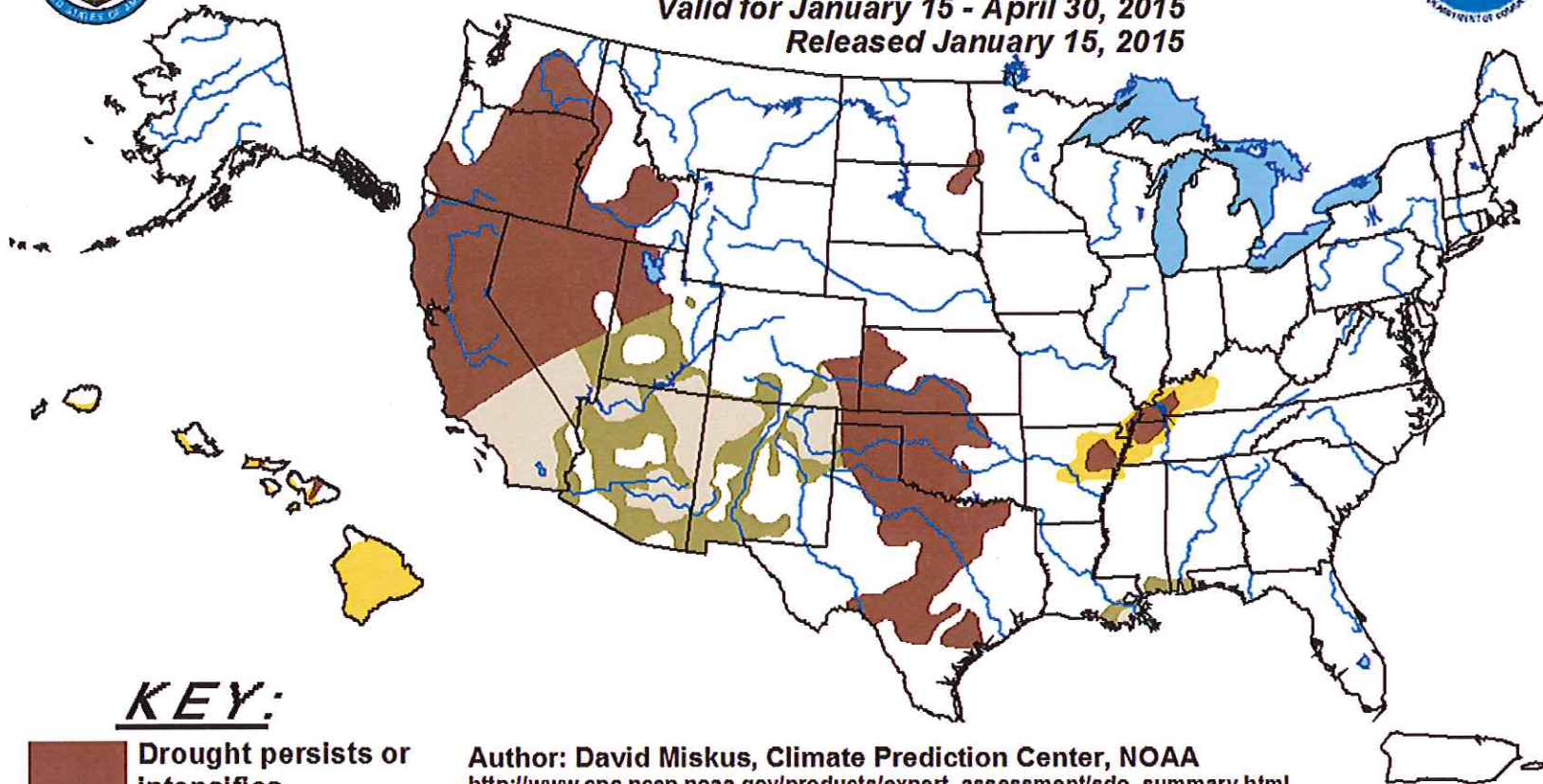
- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| -3.0 or less (Severely Dry) | +1.0 to +1.9 (Abnormally Moist) |
| -2.0 to -2.9 (Excessively Dry) | +2.0 to +2.9 (Wet) |
| -1.0 to -1.9 (Abnormally Dry) | +3.0 and above (Excessively Wet) |
| -0.9 to +0.9 (Slightly Dry/Favorably Moist) | |







U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook

Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for January 15 - April 30, 2015
Released January 15, 2015



KEY:

-  Drought persists or intensifies
-  Drought remains but improves
-  Drought removal likely
-  Drought development likely

Author: David Miskus, Climate Prediction Center, NOAA
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/sdo_summary.html

Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Short-term events -- such as individual storms -- cannot be accurately forecast more than a few days in advance. Use caution for applications -- such as crops -- that can be affected by such events. "Ongoing" drought areas are approximated from the Drought Monitor (D1 to D4 intensity). For weekly drought updates, see the latest U.S. Drought Monitor.

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none)