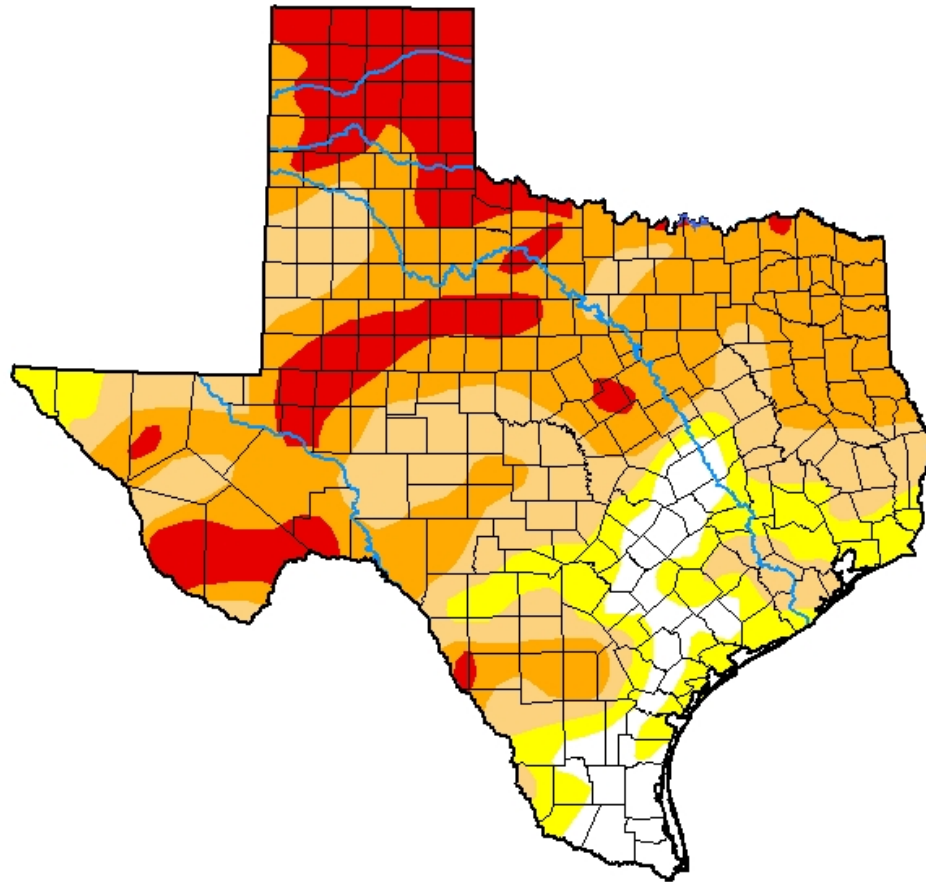


# U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

**January 4, 2022**  
(Released Thursday, Jan. 6, 2022)  
Valid 7 a.m. EST



*Drought Conditions (Percent Area)*

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
<b>Current</b>	7.58	92.42	79.83	54.25	16.69	0.00
<b>Last Week</b> <i>12-28-2021</i>	13.02	86.98	67.27	36.58	10.65	0.00
<b>3 Months Ago</b> <i>10-05-2021</i>	55.05	44.95	8.26	0.27	0.00	0.00
<b>Start of Calendar Year</b> <i>01-04-2022</i>	7.58	92.42	79.83	54.25	16.69	0.00
<b>Start of Water Year</b> <i>09-28-2021</i>	45.57	54.43	7.26	0.27	0.00	0.00
<b>One Year Ago</b> <i>01-05-2021</i>	17.37	82.63	58.34	37.80	19.24	8.20

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

*The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>*

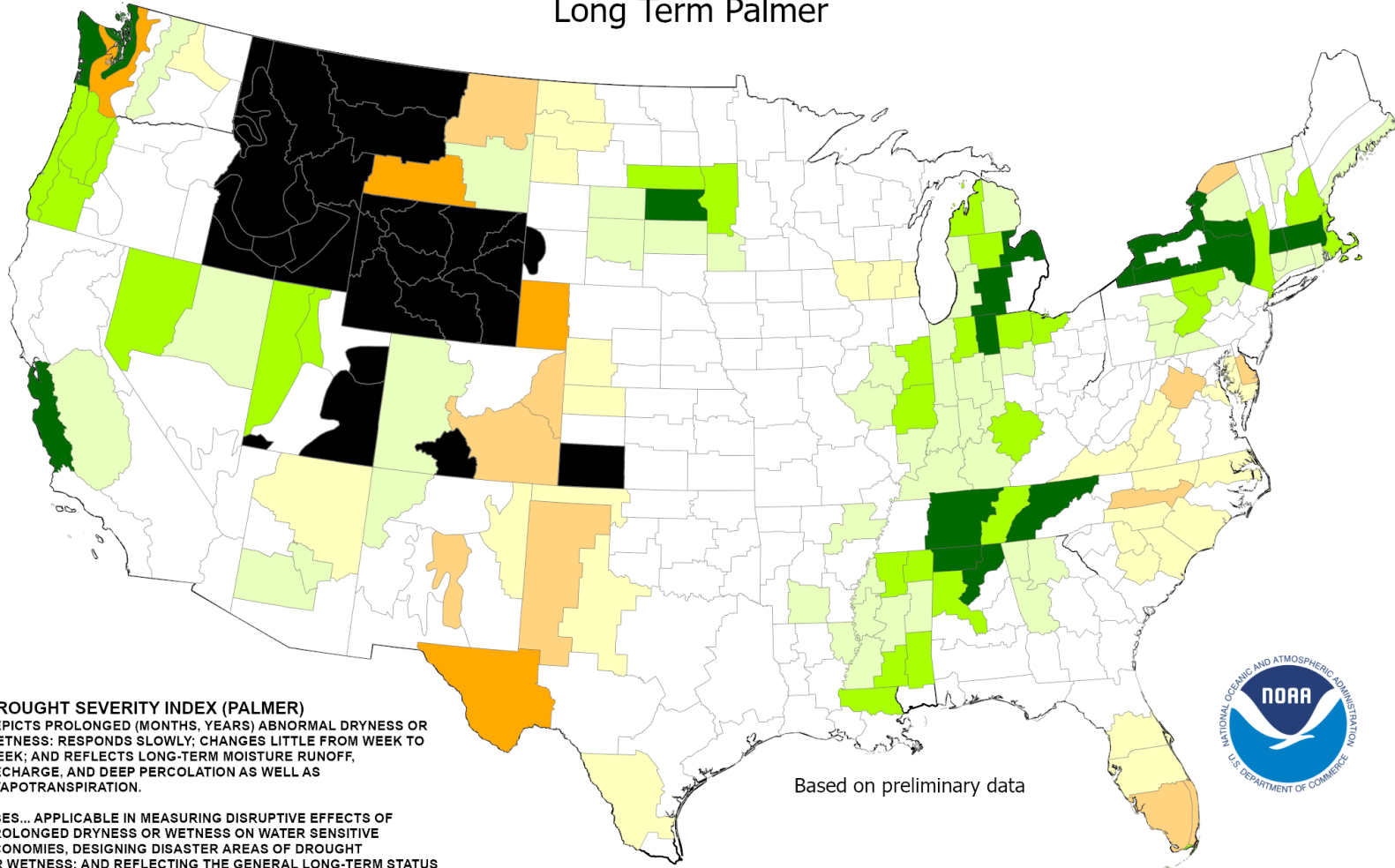
Author:

Richard Tinker  
CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP



[droughtmonitor.unl.edu](https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu)

## Drought Severity Index by Division Weekly Value for Period Ending Jan 01, 2022 Long Term Palmer



**DROUGHT SEVERITY INDEX (PALMER)**  
 DEPICTS PROLONGED (MONTHS, YEARS) ABNORMAL DRYNESS OR WETNESS; RESPONDS SLOWLY; CHANGES LITTLE FROM WEEK TO WEEK; AND REFLECTS LONG-TERM MOISTURE RUNOFF, RECHARGE, AND DEEP PERCOLATION AS WELL AS EVAPOTRANSPIRATION.

USES... APPLICABLE IN MEASURING DISRUPTIVE EFFECTS OF PROLONGED DRYNESS OR WETNESS ON WATER SENSITIVE ECONOMIES, DESIGNING DISASTER AREAS OF DROUGHT OR WETNESS; AND REFLECTING THE GENERAL LONG-TERM STATUS OF WATER SUPPLIES IN AQUIFERS, RESERVOIRS AND STREAMS.

LIMITATIONS... IS NOT GENERALLY INDICATIVE OF SHORT-TERM (FEW WEEKS) STATUS OF DROUGHT OR WETNESS SUCH AS FREQUENTLY AFFECTS CROPS AND FIELD OPERATIONS (THIS IS INDICATED BY THE CROP MOISTURE INDEX).

Based on preliminary data

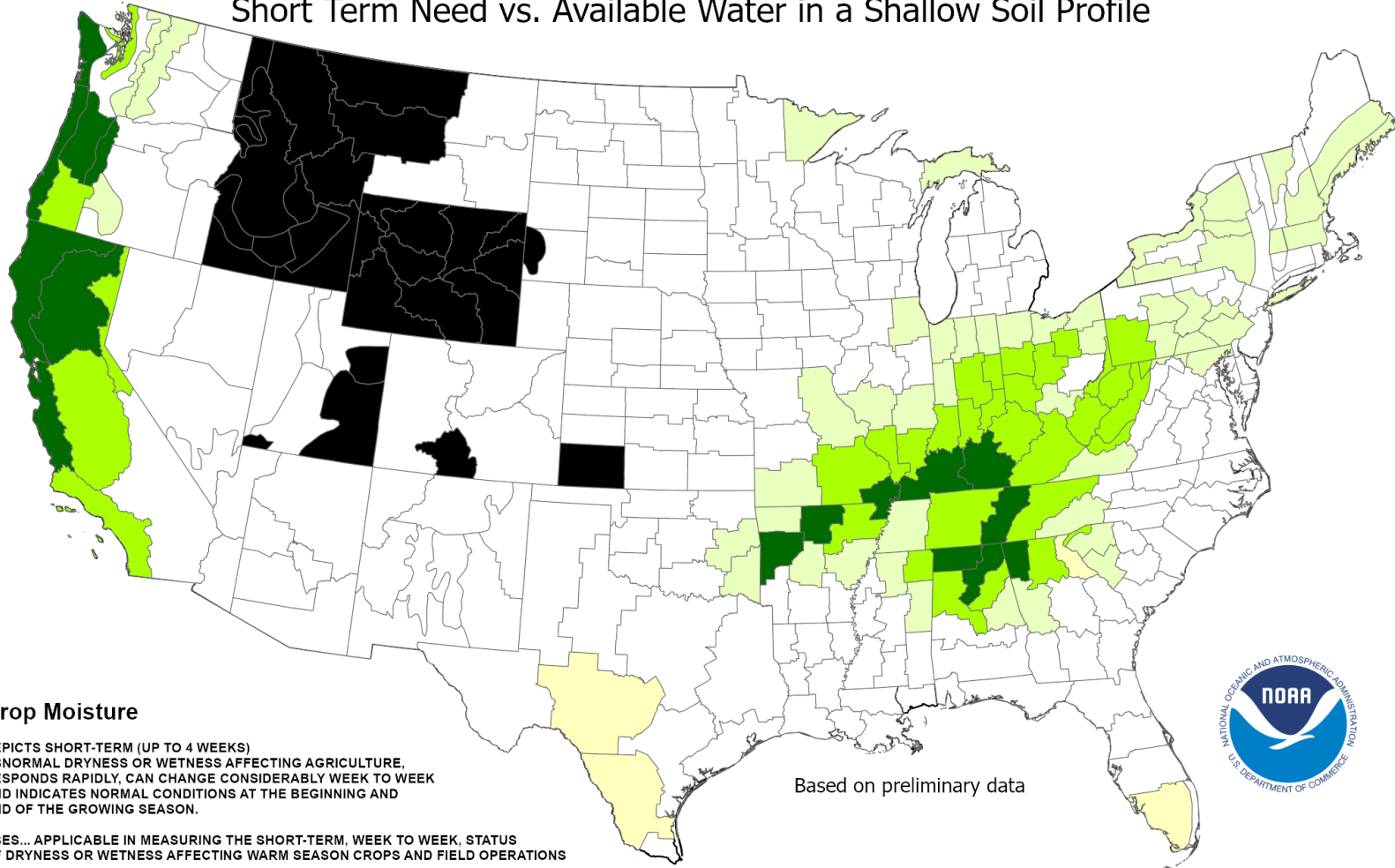
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #8B4513; border: 1px solid black;"></span> -4.0 or less (Extreme Drought)  | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #C8E6C9; border: 1px solid black;"></span> +2.0 to +2.9 (Unusual Moist Spell) |
| <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #FFC107; border: 1px solid black;"></span> -3.0 to -3.9 (Severe Drought)   | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #81C784; border: 1px solid black;"></span> +3.0 to +3.9 (Very Moist Spell)    |
| <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #FFF9C4; border: 1px solid black;"></span> -2.0 to -2.9 (Moderate Drought) | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #00622F; border: 1px solid black;"></span> +4.0 and above (Extremely Moist)   |
| <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #FFFFFF; border: 1px solid black;"></span> -1.9 to +1.9 (Near Normal)      | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #000000; border: 1px solid black;"></span> Missing/Incomplete                 |



# Crop Moisture Index by Division

## Weekly Value for Period Ending Jan 01, 2022

### Short Term Need vs. Available Water in a Shallow Soil Profile











#### Crop Moisture

DEPICTS SHORT-TERM (UP TO 4 WEEKS) ABNORMAL DRYNESS OR WETNESS AFFECTING AGRICULTURE. RESPONDS RAPIDLY, CAN CHANGE CONSIDERABLY WEEK TO WEEK AND INDICATES NORMAL CONDITIONS AT THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE GROWING SEASON.

USES... APPLICABLE IN MEASURING THE SHORT-TERM, WEEK TO WEEK, STATUS OF DRYNESS OR WETNESS AFFECTING WARM SEASON CROPS AND FIELD OPERATIONS

LIMITATIONS... MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE TO GERMINATING AND SHALLOW ROOTED CROPS WHICH ARE UNABLE TO EXTRACT THE DEEP OR SUBSOIL MOISTURE FROM A SHALLOW SOIL PROFILE, OR FOR COOL SEASON CROPS GROWING WHEN TEMPERATURES ARE AVERAGING BELOW ABOUT 55F. IT IS NOT GENERALLY INDICATIVE OF THE LONG-TERM (MONTHS, YEARS) DROUGHT OR WET SPELLS WHICH ARE DEPICTED BY THE DROUGHT SEVERITY INDEX.

Based on preliminary data

- |   |   |
|---|---|
|  -3.0 or less (Severely Dry)                 |  +1.0 to +1.9 (Abnormally Moist) |
|  -2.0 to -2.9 (Excessively Dry)              |  +2.0 to +3.0 (Wet)              |
|  -1.0 to -1.9 (Abnormally Dry)               |  3.0 and above (Excessively Wet) |
|  -0.9 to +0.9 (Slightly Dry/Favorably Moist) |  Missing/Incomplete              |

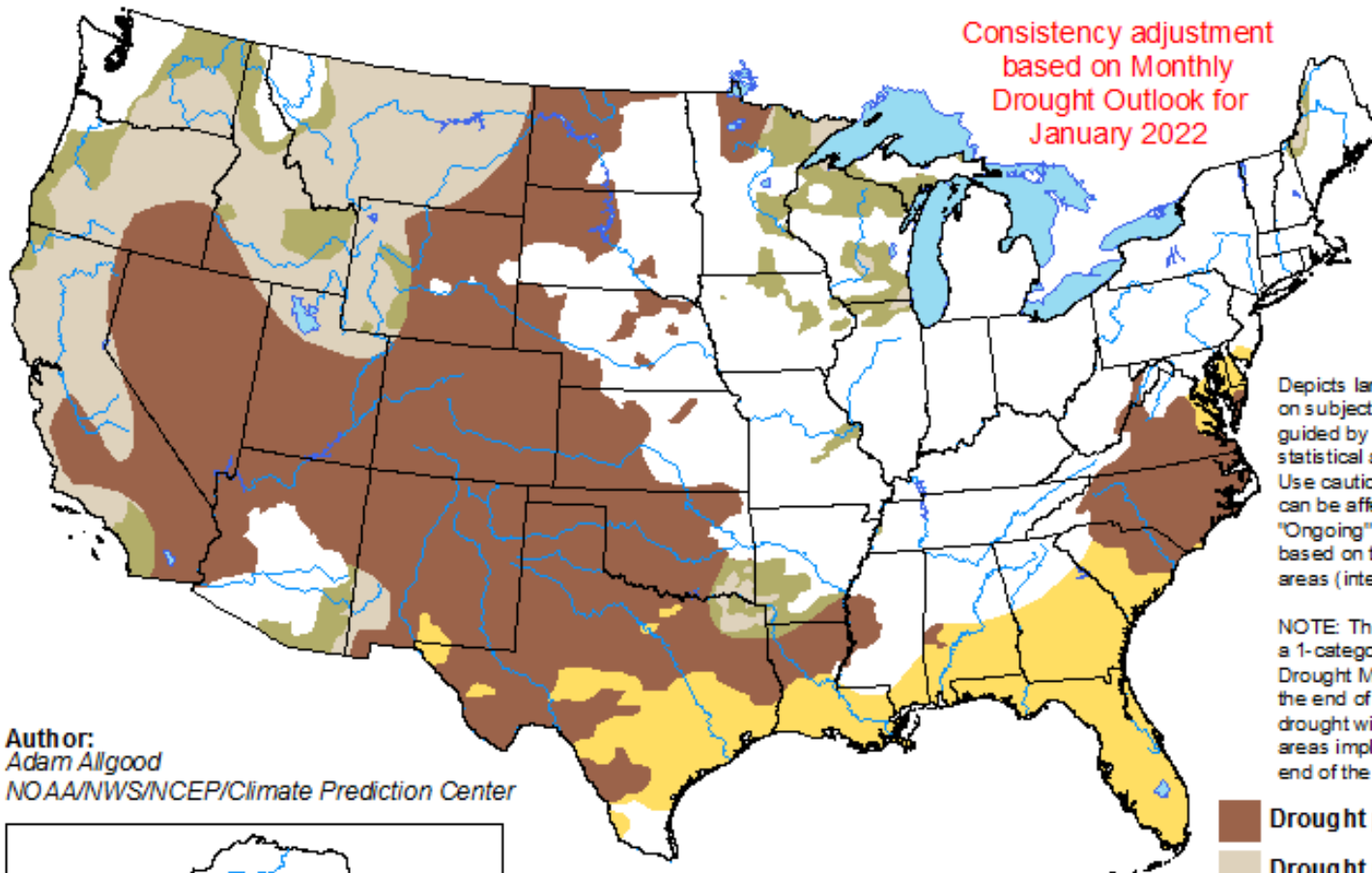


# U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook

## Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for January 1 - March 31, 2022  
Released December 31, 2021

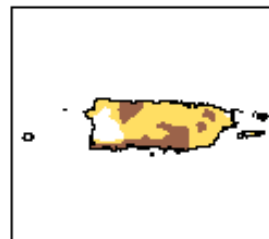
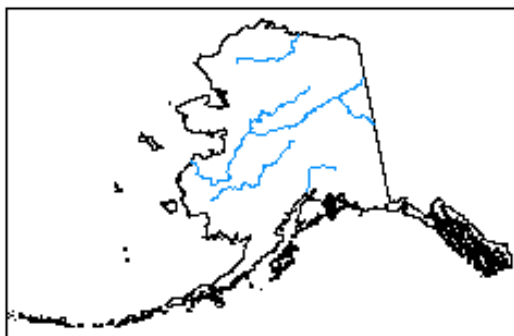
Consistency adjustment  
based on Monthly  
Drought Outlook for  
January 2022







Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

Author:  
Adam Allgood  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center



-  Drought persists
-  Drought remains but improves
-  Drought removal likely
-  Drought development likely



<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>